1	PLANNING BOARD	COUNTY OF ALBANY
2	TOWN OF COLONIE	
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4	BORDEAU CONSERVATION 103-107 CONSAU	
5	SKETCH PLAN RE	
6	*********	******
7	THE STENOGRAPHIC MINUTES	of the above entitled
8	matter by NANCY STRANG-VANDEE Reporter, commencing on March	OGART, a Shorthand
9	at The Public Operations Cent Road, Latham, New York	
10		
11	BOARD MEMBERS: PETER STUTO, CHAIRMAN	
12	TIMOTHY LANE LOU MION	
13	TIMOTHY LANE SUSAN MILSTEIN	
14	CRAIG SHAMLIAN	
15		
16	ALSO PRESENT:	
17	Kathleen Marinelli, Esq., Cou	insel to the Planning Board
18	Michael Tengeler, Planning an	d Economic Development
19	Joe LaCivita, Director, Plann	ing and Economic Development
20	Christopher Longo, PE, Ingall	s and Associates
21	Joseph Grasso, PE, CHA	
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1	CHAIRMAN STUTO: We'll call up the next item on the
2	agenda. Bordeau Conservation Subdivision, 103 - 107
3	Consaul Road. This is a sketch plan review. This is an
4	18-lot residential subdivision.
5	Joe LaCivita, any introductory remarks?
6	MR. LACIVITA: No, we're here for sketch, so I'd
7	just like to turn it right over to the applicant's
8	engineer and move forward.
9	MR. LONGO: Christopher Longo from Ingalls and
10	Associates, representing Mr. Bordeau and Bordeau
11	Builders.
12	As the Chairman mentioned this is a proposed
13	conservation subdivision. It is within the single
14	family residential zoning district. It's not within
15	the conservation overlay, so that's what we are
16	asking for from the Board tonight is to adopt the
17	conservation overly standards to this subdivision.
18	To narrow in on the location of where we are,
19	we are in the western portion of Town along Consaul
20	Road and we're just west of 155, so we are at where
21	Central Avenue and 155 come together, we are just
22	west of that along Consaul. The majority of the
23	proposed subdivision enters from the residential
24	subdivision to the south which is, I believe, Lester
25	Drive and I believe that this would be Crosby

1	Street. There would be a crossing of the Niagara
2	Mohawk or National Grid lands and then a quick
3	crossing of wetland draw into the predominantly
4	agricultural portion of the site where the majority
5	of all the development has been concentrated and
6	that's why we are here in front of the Board
7	considering a conservation subdivision because of
8	the landscape of this site and how things lay out
9	and where that agricultural field is today and what
10	we are trying to avoid in terms of environmental
11	features within the site. The site is a little bit
12	over 16 acres and we are proposing to develop about
13	six of it which would include all the lots and
14	roadway and stormwater. Of that 16 acres, there is
15	a little bit less than five which are constrained
16	lands so as part of the density calculation we
17	removed those five acres from our calculation and
18	came up with almost 22 allowable lots by the
19	conservation standards which would be two dwelling
20	units per acre. We are only proposing 18 units and
21	we are also proposing almost 10 acres of open space
22	lands out of the total 16. Of those 10 acres, we
23	are well above the minimum required 40% of
24	unconstrained lands that would be conserved and that
25	would be a little bit more than 5.3 acres of

unconstrained lands that we would be conserving as
well.

The water connection to the site would be to the stub at Crosby Street. There is a hydrant right at the end of that roadway and then the sewer connection would be along -- this is a tributary to the Lishakill. Lishakill is a little bit further to the south and west of this site. There is the truck sewer main that runs along that stream. So, there would be a connection to that sewer as well.

What we would propose as part of this conservation subdivision are lot minimums of approximately 7,000 square feet. I think that our smallest lot actually shown on this plan is even about 7,700 square feet. It's pretty much in keeping with the lot sizes which are just to the south here on Lester (Indicating) as well as just to the north of this site which is Wicken Square.

That's a subdivision that is just north of here.

So, we are trying to stay in keeping with the character of those neighborhoods and those lot sizes there.

Also, the minimum lot width we proposed would be 60 feet. Again, this is in keeping with the south and to the north and also a highway frontage

1 minimum of 20 feet to allow for the one key hole lot 2 over here (Indicating) to utilize the agricultural 3 field that is currently plowed and serves as agricultural. Then, with one additional lot here, 5 kind of along where the waterline connection would be - this lot would also have the 20-foot width. For setbacks, we are proposing a 20 foot front setback, five foot side setback and a 20 foot rear. 8 9 The open space we would proposed to be owned and 10 maintained by an HOA. They would ensure that all 11 the open space including those critical environmental features which I mentioned that we are 12 avoiding -- those would be held within a 13 14 conservation easement and under the ownership of an 15 HOA to ensure that they would be kept in perpetuity 16 as open space and permanently preserved. I guess I'll back up a little bit and explain 17 18 how we came about the conservation subdivision and 19 what we were looking to conserve. The main feature 20 that we focused in on was this tributary which is on 21 the parcel for a portion and then it goes off of the 22 parcel. Here are the limits of our parcel here. It goes off the parcel and almost gets back on where 23 24 the parcel comes from Consaul Road. So, that area

and really the wetlands that flank that stream as

well as the Town's imposed 100-foot stream setback are really the focal point of what we intended to avoid here. Plus, there is a development in the existing agricultural fields.

We are also avoiding this wetland draw which feeds from the National Grid lands and a portion of -- this is Wembley Court, just off of Route 155.

This is kind of an office park area. So, off of those parking lots and buildings - that as well as the National Grid lands drain what turn into a draw and a small ravine in here which feed that tributary (Indicating). So, we have avoided that with a minimal amount of crossing as possible with just one roadway crossing to get into that agricultural field.

I mentioned the clustering and the permanent preservation within the HOA. We also met with the Town at the Development Coordination Committee and received very detailed feedback from them as far as the water and sewer utility hook-ups, as well as stormwater which we certainly would dive right into once we received a favorable recommendation from your Board as far as the conservation overlay standards are concerned.

25 So, if there are any questions -

1	CHAIRMAN STUTO: I'm going to ask for our Town
2	Designated Engineer, CHA, Joe Grasso to give his
3	comments. We don't see these very often to repeat what
4	this conservation subdivision is and what the standards
5	are and how the calculation is made and whether you
6	agree with how the calculation was made. We understand
7	it. I think that it bears repetition. There is no real
8	narrative in here to explain that.
9	MR. GRASSO: This is up for a sketch plan review so
10	this is the first time that the Board is seeing the
11	project. We haven't done a formal review letter, but we
12	do have comments on it.
13	CHAIRMAN STUTO: Is this in a conservation overlay
14	district or not?
15	MR. GRASSO: It is not.
16	CHAIRMAN STUTO: So, he's trying to do a cluster
17	development.
18	MR. GRASSO: Exactly. It's not in a conservation
19	overly district, so they aren't required to come in with
20	this kind of subdivision. The reasons why they are
21	coming in with a subdivision - let's call it a cluster
22	subdivision, is because they want to allow smaller lot
23	sizes than the zoning - the SFR - zone would require
24	which would be 18,000 square foot lots.
25	CHAIRMAN STUTO: What does our Land Use Law call a

1	conservation subdivision, or do they call it a cluster?
2	MR. GRASSO: A conservation density subdivision.
3	MR. LONGO: Conservation subdivision or
4	conservation overlay district.
5	MR. GRASSO: I think that it's conservation
6	subdivision. It's a conservation development.
7	CHAIRMAN STUTO: Do we have a cluster development,
8	or this is our cluster development?
9	MR. GRASSO: This is really the way that cluster is
10	administered within the Town. It directs you to this
11	conservation development type of design. The purpose of
12	a conservation development is to protect sensitive
13	resources on the project site. This is really important
14	for where the Planning Board needs to understand what
15	those resources are within the project site that are
16	worthy of protection. About 75% of the project site, we
17	would consider worthy of protection.
18	CHAIRMAN STUTO: About how much?
19	MR. GRASSO: About 75%. Now there is a certain
20	calculation that you go through that are going to
21	require a certain amount of constrained land to be taken
22	out of a density calculation and there is also a certain
23	amount of constraining land that factors into how much
24	open space or deed restricted land you need to provide
25	as part of a project. So, in terms of maximum allowable

1	density, the things that you have to pull out of the
2	equation are state and federal wetlands - which are the
3	wetlands, which are pretty sensitive on the site but not
4	the 100-foot buffer. The 100-foot buffer doesn't get
5	subtracted. You take out the protected watercourse area
6	which this is a major branch to the Lishakill and it's
7	got a 100-foot buffer on either side of the banks of the
8	creek. So, that whole watercourse area comes out. So,
9	not each of those areas, in and of itself, are what
10	factors into those. A lot of times you'll see a state
11	and federal wetland that would also occupy the protected
12	watercourse area. You pull that area out and when you
13	go through the density calculation, it would allow a
14	maximum of 22.8 lots to be developed. They are only
15	proposing 18 lots. They meet that density requirement.
16	The other thing is providing enough open space. You
17	actually go through the calculation and you pull out all
18	the constrained lands and then what you have left is
19	your unconstrained area. You need to take 40% of that
20	and protect that as open space as well as everything
21	that you already pulled out as being constrained lands.
22	So, Chris, you need 4.5 acres?
23	MR. LONGO: The 4.5 would be the $40\%$ of
24	unconstrained lands.
25	MR. GRASSO: So, overall it's about 10 acres of

1	open space that you need on the property. So, it's 10
2	acres out of 16 acres of the project site area.
3	CHAIRMAN STUTO: That's not on your site plan,
4	right?
5	MR. LONGO: Yes.
6	CHAIRMAN STUTO: Why don't you start at the top of
7	that note?
8	MR. GRASSO: So, the total site area is 16.2 acres.
9	So, they have to pull out the wetland areas and the
10	steep slopes and that gets you down to an unconstrained
11	area of 11.4 acres; 40% of that going down to the open
12	space is the 4.56 acres. Then you have to add back in
13	the 4.68 acres of constrained lands and that gets you to
14	10 acres of open space.
15	CHAIRMAN STUTO: Right, but you calculate your
16	number of units before you take that out.
17	MR. GRASSO: There are two calculations that you go
18	through. The other one that they're showing here is the
19	base density calculation. If you've got the total site
20	area of 16.2 acres and you take out the constrained
21	lands, you're left with 11.4 acres of unconstrained
22	area. When you go through the density calculation,
23	you're allowed two units of unconstrained acre. So,
24	11.4 times 2 is 22.8 units allowed, maximum. They're

proposing 18 units. So, there are two separate

1 calculations that they go through.

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So, we feel that they have met those two thresholds. Our concern when we look at the plan is that there is a lot of wetlands on the site. There is a protected watercourse area. These wetlands are DEC wetlands. We would consider them high quality wetlands and they have 100 foot wetland adjacent area that is regulated by DEC. Any disturbance within that 100 foot buffer -- any disturbance at all; tree clearing or grading requires authorization from DEC. It's up to the Board to understand whether or not that buffer has significance in terms of the environmental protection because if it does, it's one of the resources that the plan needs to respect and restrict development. Right now some of the buffer area is farmed agricultural areas that the Board may feel that maybe it doesn't feel that it has any conservation resource value. CHAIRMAN STUTO: Let me ask you this: If we didn't

CHAIRMAN STUTO: Let me ask you this: If we didn't go through this, do they have enough room for viable lots here outside the 100-foot buffer?

MR. GRASSO: We're looking at about 80 lots; we would think. That would still encroach within the buffer, but would still meet the general intent.

25 CHAIRMAN STUTO: Whose decision is it if they can

build within the DEC buffer?

MR. GRASSO: The Planning Board as well as DEC.

Obviously, any work within the buffer will require DEC approval. There is nothing in the file yet from DEC.

You probably had some conversations with them. Sometimes permits within previously developed disturbed areas of a buffer — they can get permits from. But this is where the Planning Board needs to also factor in. A lot of the development that they are proposing is within this wetland buffer area (Indicating). I would say that probably 50% of the lots fall within this buffer area that we would typically say development should be restricted from. You want to respond as to why you think that the plan works.

MR. LONGO: Certainly. And that was why we provided the Board with a second plan which is kind of spoken of within that conservation subdivision guidelines of the Code which talks about considering a conservation analysis of the site. Before we located this road and located the proposed lots, we performed this conservation analysis of the site. As I mentioned, a very critical part of that conservation analysis was the wetlands and the tributary as well as the 100-foot stream buffer as part of that stream. Also there are other jurisdictional wetlands within this draw and this

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The point that we wanted to make with this conservation analysis and why we located the development the way that we did was to take note of where that treeline is today and where that agricultural field is active and where there really isn't vegetation or really isn't that buffer that DEC intends to preserve by imposing their 100-foot buffer from any New York State DEC wetland. So, we wanted to show the difference between where it was forested and where there is current agricultural field. After performing that conservation analysis of the site, that's when we located these lots and attempted to avoid those forested areas or more mature wetland buffer areas as we could. That's how the majority of all this development is up here in this agricultural field.

I would also like to note that there is some actual some agricultural field which is proposed to be included in the HOA lands which would be permanently preserved. So, even though the land, which is also within the 100-foot stream setback — on top of being an agricultural field and really not having the vegetation that one would expect to see within a stream or wetland buffer, this agricultural

1	field would be preserved as permanent open space and
2	would go back to that natural buffer that you would
3	expect to see flanking that stream. We have
4	attempted to avoid that corridor as much as possible
5	and again, avoid the wetland draw also and really
6	concentrate the development in the agricultural
7	area.
8	CHAIRMAN STUTO: How many curb cuts are you
9	proposing to have on Consaul Road?
10	MR. LONGO: Three cuts.
11	CHAIRMAN STUTO: On lot number 4 there is going to
12	be a drive way on the cul-de-sac road?
13	MR. LONGO: Yes, there would be a driveway right
14	here (Indicating) that would be the southside of the
15	wetland crossing.
16	CHAIRMAN STUTO: I am going to give an
17	instantaneously opinion that I would feel better about
18	it and no objection except for the three curb cuts on
19	Consaul.
20	MR. LONGO: I don't know if I followed you.
21	CHAIRMAN STUTO: I would go along with it except
22	for the three separate lots, unless Joe gives me reason
23	why not. If you're going to have a conservation area
24	and you're going to encroach to some degree on the 100
25	foot buffer, I think that it should be an isolated

development and not have three curb cuts on Consaul.

It's a visual thing in a way, but it's also a traffic

thing. It mitigates some of the impact by knocking out

these three lots as sort of a trade off for allowing you

-- I'm not saying quid pro quo. I'm saying that in

terms of environmental impact. If you got rid of those

three lots, the total environmental impact would be

less. That's kind of my view.

MR. GRASSO: It's important to note because the

MR. GRASSO: It's important to note because the Lishakill Creek or a branch of the Lishakill Creek goes out to Consaul Road there so you have a protective watercourse in close proximity there so there is a wetland corridor. Obviously, there is a Lishakill Creek so you have the 100-foot buffer. So, probably over half of those three lots is within that 100-foot buffer area. When you talk about his 100-foot buffer area or wetland adjacent area, you have to remember that 50 feet of buffer will provide the same protection as 150 feet some place else. That's why it's important to try not to get hung up on that you can't get hung up on the 100-foot buffer with a 100-foot buffer. You have to look at how it factors into other aspects of the project, which is what I think you brought to the table.

The other thing that I just wanted to mention is that I think that it's important to understand is

1	to start to think amount the lots sizes that we're
2	looking at. These are 7,000 square foot lots and
3	although they may be consistent with the lots sizes
4	that you see on Crosby and Lester, they are
5	relatively small lots. If you look at the air photo
6	like a lot of homes there, the development may even
7	add garages. We're talking about very small lot
8	sizes. So, these lots, when they get developed,
9	will be developed wall to wall. There will be very
10	little open space within the lots after you develop
11	a 7,000 square foot lot with a home that is
12	marketable today. We're going from an 18,000 square
13	foot minimum lot size in an SFR zone down to 7,000.
14	That's something that the Board needs to feel
15	comfortable because that's one of the things that
16	will direct them into this type of cluster
17	subdivision.
18	MR. LONGO: If I could make just one more comment -
19	just to back up a little bit about the Consaul Road
20	lots, I do want to point one thing out over there. That
21	is where there is an existing barn. There is an
22	existing barn on the parcel, kind of in the location of
23	this third lot as well as behind the barn is kind of
24	been over time a lot of piling of hay and other grass
25	clippings and that kind of stuff. So, there is a fairly

1 decent size portion of this that could use some cleaning 2 up as well as the barn and I guess if those proposed 3 lots weren't there, there would have to be some thought as to what to do with that portion of the land, 5 especially if it is to be owned by an HOA and permanently preserved. I quess that is why we intended 7 to utilize that portion as well as the existing growth 8 frontage. MR. MION: I believe that barn used to be a house. 9 With those curb cuts, you have to be going east to bump 10 11 into the driveway. I've tried to go and out of there at 12 that particular driveway and it's a tough turn as it is now. That's only one curb cut. You have that right 13 14 smack dab in the middle of that curve. 15 Then when you talk about back here where they 16 back up to here (Indicating) -- some of the things that we do look at is what kind of barrier are you 17 18 going to put up so that they won't see the commercial buildings. I was over there the other 19 20 day and we're not very far from the office 21 buildings. You can see them and I don't know if 22 people will want to see that. We should talk about a buffer there. You are also very close to wetlands 23

MS. MILSTEIN: What size houses would be going in

there. They are very small lots.

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1	these different lots?
2	MR. LONGO: What is shown on the plan is about a
3	1500 square foot footprint. By the time that you got a
4	garage in there and you had two floors, you're probably
5	not too large in the actual footprint size of the house.
6	You may be between two and 3,000 of actual square
7	footage.
8	MS. MILSTEIN: Will that include a garage or not?
9	MR. LONGO: Of interior of habitable square
10	footage, probably about 2,000 and 3,000 - not including
11	the garage. Between the two floors.
12	MR. GRASSO: The homes on Lester and Crosby
13	those are typically single story homes?
14	MR. LONGO: I think so. Most of them are more of
15	the Cape Cod style in this neighborhood. It's a little
16	bit wider than what we would propose with this. These
17	would be a little bit more narrow and then the
18	two-story.
19	CHAIRMAN STUTO: So, how big are the houses?
20	MR. GRASSO: It's hard for me to picture a 2,500
21	square foot two-story home on a 7,000 square foot lot.
22	One of the things is the floor plans and this would be
23	one that you may want to see some representative floor
24	plans.
25	CHAIRMAN STUTO: Do you have a builder in mind yet?

1	MR. LONGO: Yes, Bordeau Builders.
2	CHAIRMAN STUTO: Where have they built?
3	MR. LONGO: They have built up in Charlton.
4	CHAIRMAN STUTO: Have they done any product like
5	this?
6	MR. LONGO: They actually have a new product coming
7	that is this up in Clifton Park on Route 146 which is a
8	pretty similar size unit.
9	CHAIRMAN STUTO: What about the lots?
10	MR. LONGO: I don't know the exact square footage,
11	but they're not too far off between this. Right now
12	we're showing the smallest lot size to be ,7,700. Those
13	are in the range of 10.000 or 12,000. Those houses are
14	a little bit bigger and wider. So, this would
15	definitely be a different style and certainly I believe
16	that this is part of the conservation requirements that
17	we would provide your floor plans and architecturals of
18	the buildings. But they certainly feel that they could
19	fit a nice looking style house on these lots 60 foot
20	wide.
21	MR. MION: The lots on Lester Street and Crosby
22	Street - they are about 7,000 square feet?
23	MR. LONGO: I believe that they are. They are
24	pretty close. You can see that there is one lot and
25	they are pretty consistent with what we are showing.

1	They may even be only 7,000. As I mentioned, the 7,700
2	is the smallest lot size that we have. Typically, these
3	lots are all in the range of 8,000 to 10,000. Those
4	look to be in the 7,000 range.
5	MR. MION: The houses that are on there - most of
6	them all started out as single story, two-bedroom homes.
7	They're all very small houses. I'm not sure whether
8	they had a basement or they were a slab. That's what
9	they were. We're talking about very small houses.
10	MR. LONGO: As well as near Wembley Court to the
11	north, they are a little bit more narrow than what we
12	would propose here, but those are the two-story ones. I
13	believe that those have a little bit more square footage
14	than you see down here on Lester.
15	CHAIRMAN STUTO: How old are the houses that are up
16	there now?
17	MR. LONGO: I think that they were somewhere in the
18	early 90s that both those subdivisions were done.
19	MR. MION: The one over near Lester is 1940s or
20	1950s. That's when those houses were built.
21	MR. LONGO: I'm sorry. The ones near Wembley Court
22	were done in the very early 90's with those two-story
23	homes.
24	MR. MION: There were some fires over there and it

burnt one house and then they replaced it. When they

1 replaced that one, they put in two or three other
2 houses.

3 CHAIRMAN STUTO: Does the Board want to see house 4 placement?

MR. SHAMLIAN: I think that we need to see a little more of the houses and maybe even the floor plans.

MR. LONGO: We certainly envision the floor plans and the need to show the architecturals of these proposed homes and what the builder envisions here to build. I guess we stopped a little bit short of that because we knew that there was some discussion to be had about the conservation and the conservation subdivision and the open space that we were providing with the HOA and applying those standards to this parcel. That's why we came to the Board for that directive to make sure that we could move forward and show you guys some nice looking architecturals where the builder intends to put on these lots.

CHAIRMAN STUTO: Our agenda doesn't call for a vote. It's just called for a sketch plan. It just means that we talk and I think that the Board is saying that we're open minded to it, but we need a little more detail before we can commit to what you are saying. I think that we're skeptical, or at least asking questions about whether the lot sizes are adequate. That's going

1	to be determined on how it slopes and whether it
2	actually works or not. I think that we're not totally
3	closed minded to it, but we need more to make sure. I
4	think that's the feedback that I'm hearing.
5	MR. SHAMLIAN: Generally speaking, the idea of
6	expanding beyond the defined 100-foot DEC buffer into
7	some of the area that has already been cleared
8	personally, I think that within reason that's
9	acceptable. I'm not speaking for anybody else
10	reasonably acceptable. It already has been cleared.
11	CHAIRMAN STUTO: Do you know the Marini development
12	- the one between Spring Street and Watervliet Shaker
13	Road? It's East Hills. You know the smaller lot as
14	you're going toward Watervliet Shaker there are smaller
15	lots on the right? They are carriage homes. How big
16	are those lots?
17	MR. LACIVITA: I'd have to see.
18	CHAIRMAN STUTO: They're nice looking. I think
19	that the retired people that live there - there is less
20	maintenance and so forth.
21	Are you providing an HOA to maintain
22	everything; the lawns and so forth?
23	MR. LONGO: I'm not sure that we've delved into how
24	far they'll reach onto the individual parcels.
25	Certainly with an HOA in existence, there could be those

1	amenities provided, but we haven't really discussed too					
2	many details about that yet. There will be one in					
3	existence, definitely for the open space.					
4	CHAIRMAN STUTO: Does anyone have any other					
5	questions?					
6	(There was no response.)					
7	I guess we're going to need a few more details					
8	and we're going to do a little bit more homework as					
9	well.					
10	MR. LONGO: Certainly we can come back and show you					
11	other examples within the Town. I know that there					
12	certainly may be a few others, even if they aren't in					
13	Town that are this width and this type of style home					
14	that work well that we've seen.					
15	Just one other question that I would have is					
16	along Consaul. Would the Board be open to at least					
17	utilizing that existing cut that is there for the					
18	barn and the former home at least utilizing that					
19	existing cut even if we pulled away from the string					
20	a little bit more but still utilize that for one					
21	lot?					
22	MR. MION: That would be more toward the houses.					
23	MR. LONGO: There is a little bit of a gravel					
24	access there to the barn and house.					
25	MR. MION: That's what I'm talking about.					

1	MR. LONGO: If we could at least utilize that area
2	for one proposed lot -
3	MR. MION: That makes more sense.
4	CHAIRMAN STUTO: We will take a look.
5	MS. MILSTEIN: Any visuals that you have will be
6	helpful.
7	CHAIRMAN STUTO: You already have those houses laid
8	out, so you could probably superimpose that.
9	MR. LONGO: We can definitely get the houses shown
10	on the lots that you're looking at in your packet.
11	Obviously, it is a little bit tough to see 60 foot wide
12	and to envision that house within that width. As I'm
13	showing here, it doesn't quite do the justice yet, but
14	we can certainly get this on plan view as well as some
15	elevations that might show or real photographs that
16	might show those houses next to each other.
17	MR. GRASSO: Does the adjacent residence - that's
18	the [SIC] Timula residence and they own the project
19	site. Their property line on Consaul Road. If the
20	Board is wrestling with the appropriateness of lots on
21	Consaul Road, that property line comes in at such a
22	skew. Is there any ability to take 30 or 40 feet that
23	could become part of a lot area?
24	MR. LONGO: I wish that there was. At this point

that's not part of the subject parcel. It's separate.

1	Although it is the same owner, it is separate and not					
2	part of this proposed project. But yes, it would help					
3	and probably if that happened, maybe those three lots					
4	could fit with no problem but as it stands, maybe we're					
5	looking at one if that triangle can't be acquired.					
6	MR. GRASSO: For the Board, is it appropriate for					
7	them to come back with a full concept submission or are					
8	there things that you would like to see still at a					
9	higher level like a sketch review before they make a					
10	commitment to this type of project because concept					
11	submission in this Town - there is a lot of work					
12	involved to put that together.					
13	CHAIRMAN STUTO: I would prefer another sketch.					
14	MR. LANE: I agree with that.					
15	MR. GRASSO: Is that something that you're					
16	comfortable with - coming back for a sketch with					
17	additional detail?					
18	MR. LONGO: I think that I would definitely be					
19	comfortable coming back for another sketch if you guys					
20	aren't sure that this is what you want and you're going					
21	to definitely be okay with it. I don't think that we					
22	should come back with a concept leaving the Board as it					
23	is. If that's what you're asking for and we do need to					
24	show a little bit more and not quite advance too much					
25	until you guys are a little bit more comfortable, then I					

1	think that we can certainly do that.
2	MR. LANE: Do you have other elevations that are in
3	mind which you have a model or plans? It may not be the
4	one, but maybe you could bring back something?
5	MR. LONGO: We will certainly put together some
6	floor plans and elevations and I'll attempt to get some
7	photographs if we can of similar sized homes and similar
8	sized widths of parcels that you guys can get a little
9	bit more visualization on.
10	CHAIRMAN STUTO: Thank you.
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12	(Whereas the above entitled proceeding was
13	concluded at 8:50 p.m.)
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1	CERTIFICATION
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3	I, NANCY STRANG-VANDEBOGART, Shorthand
4	Reporter and Notary Public in and for the State of
5	New York, hereby CERTIFY that the record taken by me
6	at the time and place noted in the heading hereof is
7	a true and accurate transcript of same, to the best
8	of my ability and belief.
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10	
11	NANCY STRANG-VANDEBOGART
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14	Dated March 30, 2015.
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